MAGNA WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Magna Water District Magna, Utah

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Magna Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Magna Water District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and schedule of required employer contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Magna Water District's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and the schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – compared with budget, listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – compared with budget are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gilbert & Stewart

Gilbert & Stewart, CPA, PC Provo, Utah June 15, 2023

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management Team of Magna Water District offers readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$109,601,164 (net position). Of this amount, \$22,594,290 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The District's total net position increased by \$14,879,264. This increase is reflective of the District's decrease in total liabilities of \$2,560,616, increased capital assets of \$8,274,506, and increase in deferred inflow of resources of \$704,342. The District continues its annual repair and replacement program on culinary water lines and sewer collection lines. We also installed several sampling stations for the culinary water system. The District also started the 30" main sewer collection line, and the meter replacement project continued. There was over \$7,000,000 of assets contributed to the District through development. New development in the District installs water, secondary and sewer lines then those lines are contributed to the District when the development has been accepted. The capital assets increased by \$8,274,506 million, or 8.7% from 2021, totaling approximately \$103 million.

The District's operating revenue increased by \$1,240,867 an increase of 12% from 2022 to 2021. This increase is attributable to growth in the District, and a 4% increase in user rates beginning in January 2022. Additional connections to our sewer distribution system have increased also. The District is experiencing a high volume of growth each year.

Part of the increase in the net position is due from the non-operating revenue, which totals approximately \$9.9 million in 2022, an increase of \$921,909 from 2021. The non-operating revenue consists of property tax collections for debt service and operation and maintenance revenue. It also includes connection and impact fees the District charges to new development. The District's total overall expenses increased by 5% from 2021, this increase is shown mostly in depreciation expense. Materials and supplies increased by \$204,957, which is a 12% increase from 2021, due to the supply and demand increases assessed by our suppliers. Other operating expenses decreased by 2%, most of this decrease is reflected in salaries and benefits. This decrease demonstrates the efforts the District puts in proactive maintenance measures to help keep expenses lower, rather than creating expenses due to a reactive measure which is generally more costly. The District's Management and Staff are very mindful of maintaining costs and make every effort to control costs.

The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$2,482,400 during the current fiscal year, as represented in Note 4 to the financial statements. The decrease is primarily a result of the District making their annual payments for outstanding GO bonds, revenue bonds, loans, and notes. The District had an actuarial performed on the OPEB and Pension benefits in 2022, resulting in a decrease in the total liability recognized of \$580,803. This is a decrease in the liability by approximately 6%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues and expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, some revenues

and expenses reported in this statement, may result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes earned and not received and unused sick leave for employees).

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the District's budget and actual amounts.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$109,601,164 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (68.7%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, pipelines, machinery, and equipment); net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	2022	2021	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 38,815,949 103,320,982	\$ 34,290,562 95,046,476	
Total Assets	142,136,931	129,337,038	
Deferred outflow of resouces	1,218,366	995,269	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	30,669,403 2,138,829	33,151,803 2,217,045	
Total Liabilities	32,808,232	35,368,848	
Deferred inflow of resources	945,901	241,559	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	75,293,584 11,713,290 22,594,290	65,117,481 10,187,192 19,417,227	
Total Net Position	\$ 109,601,164	\$ 94,721,900	

The restricted portion of the District's net position of \$11,173,290 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, such as bonding requirements, Impact Fee regulations, and property tax levy regulations. There is an unrestricted fund balance amount of \$22,594,290. The unrestricted fund balance amount consists of cash and receivables to be collected less debt to be paid that is not affiliated with any of the capital assets (operation and maintenance).

There was an increase of \$1,526,098 in restricted net position reported by the District. This resulted primarily from collecting additional impact fees that can only be used for capital improvements outlined in the District's Impact Fee Facilities Plan.

The District's net position increased by \$14,879,264 during the current fiscal year, as the District's operating and nonoperating revenues exceeded all expenses for the year. As noted earlier, factors contributing to the increase in net position include investment in capital assets, increase in operating revenues and impact fees collected by new subdivisions, and contributed water and sewer lines by contractors.

	2022			2021	
Operating revenues Non-operating revenues	\$	11,544,696 9,939,099	\$	10,303,829 9,017,190	
Total Revenues		21,483,795		19,321,019	
Depreciation and amortization expense Other operating expenses Non-operating expenses		4,758,772 7,557,511 1,977,242		4,201,270 7,528,367 1,871,770	
Total Expenses		14,293,525		13,601,407	
Income before capital contributions Capital contributions		7,190,270 7,688,994		5,719,612 6,856,089	
Change in Net Position		14,879,264		12,575,701	
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year		94,721,900		80,659,471	
Prior Period Adjustment				1,486,728	
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$	109,601,164	\$	94,721,900	

Major sources of revenue for the District consist of charges for services, property taxes, impact fees collected from new subdivisions, and other non-operating revenues. These sources account for approximately 97% of the Districts revenues before capital contributions.

Total revenues increased by approximately 11% from the prior year, total expenses also increased by approximately 5%, leading to an increase in income before capital contributions of \$7,688,994. The capital contributions increased 12% from 2020 due to a significant increase of new development accepted and closed out. The District is experiencing tremendous growth and recognizes new developments when the projects are complete and out of warranty periods. Although 2022 appears to be recognizing substantial contributions, the developments could have been in process for years before the contribution is recognized.

The increase in total revenues is primarily due to additional growth in the District, and an increase in user rates beginning January 2022. The additional growth and new connections to the District results in higher utilization of the sewer collection and treatment systems, along with the culinary and secondary water systems. The District continues to add connections to the secondary water system so the demand on the culinary system remains sustainable and prevents large costly upgrades to the culinary water system. The increase in expenses is primarily due to the increase in operational repairs and maintenance expenses, including materials, and supplies, chemicals, power and administrative services. Management of the District is focused on a proactive repair and replacement program versus a reactive program and continues to develop maintenance and replacement projects in order to keep the system in good working condition. The maintenance and replacement projects include replacement of valves, meters, and water and sewer pipelines on a timely basis and not on a "when it breaks" approach. Although every year we do have situations where breaks happen, the District evaluates and prioritizes distribution line replacements. Usually, this type of program will save the District money in further years down the road.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$103,320,982 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, wells and springs, supply and transmission mains for water distribution and sewer collection, construction in progress, plant and sewer systems, and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 8.70%.

	2022		 2021
Land	\$	3,489,942	\$ 3,489,942
Buildings and improvements		4,060,500	4,060,500
Water system		73,297,784	68,562,185
Secondary system		16,710,285	15,247,876
Sewer treatment plant		37,531,571	37,443,023
Sewage collection lines		19,769,864	16,146,656
Machinery and equipment		4,007,615	3,344,673
Water rights and easements		2,458,202	2,458,202
Construction in progress		4,779,995	 2,369,792
Total Capital Assets		166,105,758	153,122,849
Less accumulated depreciation		(62,784,776)	(58,076,373)
Total Capital Assets, net of depreciation	\$	103,320,982	\$ 95,046,476

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$30,669,403. Of this amount, \$4,407,000 is outstanding as revenue bond debt, \$300,037 relates to amounts outstanding on a water resource loan, \$23,373,145 is outstanding as general obligation bond debt, and \$382,903 relates to amounts outstanding on leases. Pursuant to a new GASB Ruling, the District also now recognizes a long-term debt for OPEB Obligations in the amount of \$1,713,763, and a debt for pension liability in the amount of \$492,555.

	2022			2021		
General obligation bonds	\$	23,373,145	\$	24,913,747		
Revenue bonds		4,407,000		4,633,000		
Water resource loan		300,037		351,738		
Capital lease		382,903		466,197		
Net OPEB obligations		1,713,763		2,490,694		
Net Pension Liability		492,555		296,427		
Total	\$	30,669,403	\$	33,151,803		

Additional information of the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Reserve Funds

The District held \$592,020 in reserve and replacement funds at the end of the current fiscal year, which are mandated by the District's revenue bonds.

Reserve and Fee Structure

In 2021 the District adopted a new Master Plan, Impact Fee Facilities Plan (the Plan), and performed a rate study to evaluate the capital facility and revenue needs of the water, sewer, and secondary systems to continue to service the District's residences. The Plan looks at the condition of the District through the projected year of 2030. The District adopted the Impact Fee Facility Plan, an Impact Fee Analysis, and an Impact Fee Enactment in January of 2021, and

adopted the new rates and fees structure in April 2021. The District adopted a small annual increase in rates that began January 1, 2022. The small annual increases will happen at the beginning of each year continuing through 2025. Before 2022, the District had not had an increase in user rates since 2019.

Planned Future Capital Improvements

The District is currently in the process of designing and constructing a water reuse system to utilize the effluent water from the wastewater treatment facility as a secondary source to its secondary water distribution system. The District is extremely excited to begin the project in 2023 with an anticipated completion date of 2024. The project has been strategically thought out and planned for several years. The District has been awarded a federal grant in the amount of approximately \$4,900,000 from Title XVI of the Bureau of Reclamation which will help in this water reuse project. In the upcoming year, the District has many construction plans for their facilities. Those Construction plans include continuing the installation of a new sewer collection pipeline to increase the capacity to collect additional sewer along the west side of the District, expansion to their meter replacement project, culinary and secondary water line and sewer collection line repair and replacement schedule, a Zone 3 secondary water reservoir, wastewater influent facility upgrade, screw press building expansion, completion of the basement at the general office building, and maintenance and upgrade to various District's culinary water well sources.

As always, the Board of Trustees, the Management Team, and Staff do their best to satisfy our customers and to improve our system. The District follows a master plan that is reviewed each year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Magna Water District, Attention: District Manager, PO Box 303, Magna, Utah 84044.



MAGNA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Assets

Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,427,173
Investments	4,942,717
Receivables:	
Property Tax	222,244
Customers, net	790,654
Other	221,108
Due from other governmental units	-
Prepaid expenses	42,404
Inventories	 888,927
Total Current Assets	 27,535,227
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	11,277,162
Capital Assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	10,728,139
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	 92,592,843
Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 103,320,982
Water rights and shares held for sale	 3,560
Total Noncurrent Assets	114,601,704
Total Assets	 142,136,931
Defended Outflow of December	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	1 210 266
Assumption changes related to Pensions	 1,218,366
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	 1,218,366

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2022

Liabilities

Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 994,551
Accrued liabilities	580,975
Compensated absences	50,139
Retainage payable	142,605
Deferred revenue	243,520
Accrued interest payable	127,039
Capital lease obligations - current	126,439
General obligation bonds payable - current	1,490,000
Revenue bonds payable - current	230,000
Notes payable - current	50,400
Total Current Liabilities	4,035,668
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net other postemployment benefits obligation	1,713,763
Capital lease obligations	256,464
General obligation bonds payable	21,883,145
Revenue bonds payable	4,177,000
Notes payable	249,637
Net pension liability	492,555
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	28,772,564
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,808,232
Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Changes to earnings on pension plan investments	 945,901
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 945,901
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	75,293,584
Restricted:	
Debt service	984,327
Capital projects	10,728,963
Unrestricted	 22,594,290
Total Net Position	\$ 109,601,164

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
Water sales	\$ 4,654,643
Sewer service charges	4,244,763
Connection fees and other income	 2,645,290
Total Operating Revenues	11,544,696
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	3,430,630
Contractual services	620,271
Materials and supplies	1,989,296
Utilities	885,552
Depreciation and amortization	4,758,772
Lease expense	20,219
Other operating expense	 611,543
Total Operating Expenses	 12,316,283
Operating Income (Loss)	 (771,587)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):	
Property tax revenue	5,274,655
Non-resident fee in lieu of property tax	123,061
Impact fees	3,858,490
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	=
Other non-operating income	165,850
Interest income	517,043
Interest expense	(702,040)
Payments to RDA's	 (1,275,202)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 7,961,857
Income Before Capital Contributions	 7,190,270
Capital Contributions	 7,688,994
Change in Net Position	14,879,264
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	 94,721,900
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 109,601,164

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 11,399,098
Payments to suppliers	(4,539,921)
Payments to employees	 (3,536,006)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	 3,323,171
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	
Property tax collected for maintenance and operations	2,814,478
Property tax paid to RDA's	 (1,275,202)
Net Cash From Noncapital Financing Activities	 1,539,276
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Receipts from impact fees	3,858,490
Property tax collected for debt service	2,261,508
Fee in lieu of property tax	83,234
Receipts of non-operating revenues	165,850
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,720,901)
Principal paid on capital lease	(83,294)
Interest paid on capital debt	(805,821)
Purchases and construction of capital assets	 (5,353,970)
Net Cash From Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (1,594,904)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Interest income	528,271
Purchase of Investments	(4,942,717)
Net Cash From Investing Activities	 (4,414,446)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,146,903)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 32,851,238
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 31,704,335

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash From Operating Activities:

Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (771,587)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	4,758,772
Non cash expenses related to OPEB	147,976
Non cash expenses related to pension costs	(189,488)
Non cash revenues - credits for donated assets	78,042
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets:	
Receivables	4,659
Prepaid expenses	(10,770)
Inventories	(524,793)
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities and Other Operating effects:	
Accounts payable	32,688
Accrued liabilities	(102,273)
Compensated absences	(39,144)
Retainage payable	64,888
Deferred revenue	(26,191)
Deferred outflows	(223,097)
Deferred inflows	704,342
Net pension liability	196,128
Net other postemployment benefits obligation	 (776,931)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 3,323,221
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	\$ -

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Magna Water District, Utah (the District) is a local district governed by an elected three member board. Generally accepted accounting principles require that these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for the government is considered to be financially accountable. The District was created July 7, 1949 by a resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of Salt Lake County. Salt Lake County has no oversight responsibility over the District and the District is not reported as a component unit of Salt Lake County. The District has no blended or discretely presented component units.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District is an enterprise fund, which is reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for water and sewer services. Operating expenses include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

Budgetary procedures for the District have been established by the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act adopted by the State of Utah, which requires the legal adoption of a budget for all funds. Furthermore, in accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year; accordingly, no encumbrances are recorded. The basis of accounting to the budget is the same basis as the financial statements.

A formal budget has been adopted and used as a control device during the year ended December 31, 2022.

The District follows the following procedures in its budgetary process:

- 1. During November of each year the District adopts a tentative annual budget for the upcoming calendar year.
- 2. The tentative budget is a public record and is available for the public inspection.
- 3. At least ten (10) days prior to the second Thursday in December of each year, the District publishes a notice of public hearing for the purpose of adopting a budget on the District's website and on the State's public notice website publicnotice.utah.gov.
- 4. On the second Thursday in December, the budget is formally adopted after consideration of public comment.

No budget is required to be presented with these financial statements. State law allows the District to amend the proprietary fund budget without public hearing or public notice.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be "cash equivalents". All restricted and non-restricted cash amounts are considered to be cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flow purposes.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,211. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the District's prior collection experience.

Inventories

The District maintains inventories of pipe, repair parts, hydrants, and water meters. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the first in/first out (FIFO) method.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment include land, buildings and improvements, water and sewer systems, water shares, and machinery and equipment. Property and equipment are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. No interest was capitalized during the current year.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Water utility plant 20 to 50 years
Sewer utility plant 30 to 50 years
Buildings and structures 30 to 40 years
Equipment 3 to 15 years
Furniture and fixtures 5 to 10 years

Employee Benefits and Compensated Absences

The District provides pension, medical, dental, vision, and life insurance to its employees, most of which are negotiated by contract with the Teamsters Union. Employees are also provided paid holidays and vacation pay, which does not accumulate from year to year, but a maximum of 80 hours can be cashed out at the end of each year. Sick leave accumulates at a rate of two hours per pay period, can be carried over from year to year without limitation, and is paid out in full upon termination of employment to the extent that an employee is not terminated for cause.

Property Tax Revenues

Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property on January 1st. Property taxes become delinquent after November 30th. The District's tax rate for 2022 was 0.001639 which is comprised of 0.000579 for operations and maintenance, and 0.001060 for debt service. The statutory maximum set by the state for operations and maintenance is 0.000800. There is no statutory maximum for the reduction of general obligation bonds.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Leases

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease liability or receivable is the present value of the payments that will be made to the lessor over the lease term.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Following are the components of the District's cash and Investments at December 31,2022:

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 20,427,173
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	11,277,162
Investments	 4,942,717
	\$ 36,647,052

The District follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) in handling its depository and temporary investment transactions. This law requires the deposit of District funds in a "qualified depository." The Act defined a "qualified depository" as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. However, the District does not have a separate deposit and investment policy that addresses the specific types of deposit and investment risk to which the District is exposed.

Custodial credit risk – deposits is the risk that in event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,754,867, and the bank balance was \$2,069,581. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. However, the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions monitors financial institutions and establishes limits for deposits of public money at individual financial institutions, and the District follows these recommendations. Of the amounts held in deposit at December 31, 2022, \$1,819,581 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) has no custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District invests in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The Act requires that the remaining term to maturity may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for limiting the credit risks of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act. The Act requires investment transactions to be conducted only through.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities. Permitted investments include deposits of qualified depositories; repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investment Services or Standard and Poors; banker acceptance obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored enterprises; bonds and notes of political subdivisions of the State of Utah; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate

acceptance obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored enterprises; bonds and notes of political subdivisions of the State of Utah; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as defined by the Act.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment in the PTIF has no concentration of credit risk.

The District invests in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Pool (PTIF) which is a voluntary external Local Governmental Investment Pool managed by the Utah State Treasurer's Office and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. No separate report as an external investment pool has been issued for the PTIF. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is not rated. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Utah Money Management Act, (Utah Code Title 51, Chapter 7). The PTIF invests in high-grade securities which are delivered to the custody of the Utah State Treasurer, assuring a perfected interest in the securities, and therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. The maximum weighted average life of the portfolio does not exceed 90 days. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized costs basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated to participants on the ratio of the participants' share to the total funds in the PTIF based on the participants' average daily balance. The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, which are the accounting periods for public entities, the investments are valued at fair value and participants are informed of the fair value valuation factor. Additional information is available from the Utah State Treasurer's Office.

The District measures its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Ouoted prices for identical investments in active markets.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

	 Carrying Amounts	 Fair Value	Fair Value level	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit Rating (1)
Cash on hand and on deposit:					
Cash on hand	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,300	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash on deposit	1,231,882	 1,231,882	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total cash on hand and deposit	\$ 1,233,182	\$ 1,233,182			
Investments					
State of Utah Public Treasurer's					
Investment Fund	\$ 29,948,168	\$ 29,915,210	2	N/A	N/A
Money Market Funds	522,985	234,915	1		N/A
Zions liquidity Management					
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 2,448,387	\$ 2,448,387	1	1	AAA
U.S. Obligations	 2,494,330	 2,494,330	1	1	AAA
Total Investments	\$ 35,413,870	\$ 35,092,842			

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated Credit Risk. N/A indicates not applicable.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

The District depreciates its capital assets using the straight-line method. A summary of the capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,489,942	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,489,942
Water rights, water shares,				
and easements	2,458,202	-	-	2,458,202
Construction in progress	 2,369,792	 4,348,676	 (1,938,473)	 4,779,995
Total Capital Assets, not				
being depreciated	 8,317,936	 4,348,676	 (1,938,473)	 10,728,139
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	4,060,500			4,060,500
Water system	68,562,185	4,781,170	(45,571)	73,297,784
Secondary water system	15,247,876	1,467,207	(4,798)	16,710,285
Sewer treatment plant	37,443,023	88,548	-	37,531,571
Sewage collection lines	16,146,656	3,623,208	-	19,769,864
Machinery and equipment	3,344,673	 662,942	 	 4,007,615
Total Capital Assets, being				
depreciated	 144,804,913	 10,623,075	 (50,369)	 155,377,619
Total Capital Assets	153,122,849	 14,971,751	 (1,988,842)	 166,105,758
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(623,337)	(135,805)	-	(759,142)
Water system	(29,231,713)	(2,318,061)	45,571	(31,504,203)
Secondary water system	(2,658,043)	(534,624)	4,798	(3,187,869)
Sewer treatment plant	(16,168,941)	(897,154)	-	(17,066,095)
Sewage collection lines	(7,447,039)	(558,610)	-	(8,005,649)
Machinery and equipment	 (1,947,300)	 (314,518)	 	 (2,261,818)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	 (58,076,373)	 (4,758,772)	 50,369	 (62,784,776)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 95,046,476	\$ 10,212,979	\$ (1,938,473)	\$ 103,320,982

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term debt obligations of the District for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Beginning Balance		Additio ns	R	Reductions	Ending Balance	Oue Within One Year
Bonds Payable							
General obligation bonds - Direct Placements General obligation bonds - Other	\$ 11,935,000 11,540,000	\$	-	\$	(565,000) (880,000)	\$ 11,370,000 10,660,000	\$ 565,000 880,000
P remiums	1,438,747		-		(95,602)	1,343,145	-
Revenue bonds - Direct P lacements	4,633,000	_			(226,000)	4,407,000	226,000
Total bonds payable	29,546,747		-		(1,766,602)	27,780,145	1,671,000
Notes Payble - Direct Placements	351,738		-		(51,701)	300,037	51,701
Leases Payable	466,197				(83,294)	 382,903	83,294
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 30,364,682	\$	-	\$	(1,901,597)	\$ 28,463,085	\$ 1,805,995

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The original amount of general obligation bonds that were issued in prior years with amounts still outstanding as of December 31, 2022 was \$30,245,000.

General Obligation bonds are direct obligation and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Issue Date	Original Borrowing	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Amount
Refunding	2013	\$ 8,245,000	2.00 - 3.00%	2029	\$ 3,455,000
Water treatment facilities	2017	13,975,000	2.00 - 3.00%	2037	11,370,000
Various capital projects	2019	8,025,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2039	7,205,000
					\$ 22,030,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	GO Bo	nds - Direct Pla	cement	(GO Bonds - Oth	er	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 585,000	\$ 360,163	\$ 945,163	\$ 905,000	\$ 314,619	\$ 1,219,619	
2024	610,000	336,263	946,263	945,000	283,353	1,228,353	
2025	635,000	311,363	946,363	975,000	249,175	1,224,175	
2026	660,000	285,463	945,463	1,010,000	212,550	1,222,550	
2027	690,000	258,462	948,462	670,000	180,150	850,150	
2028-2032	3,790,000	945,813	4,735,813	2,425,000	536,675	2,961,675	
2033-2037	4,400,000	337,431	4,737,431	2,700,000	248,269	2,948,269	
2038-2041				1,030,000	23,287	1,053,287	
Total	\$11,370,000	\$ 2,834,958	\$14,204,958	\$10,660,000	\$ 2,048,078	\$12,708,078	

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Covenant Requirements

Both the 2013, 2017 and the 2019 bond agreements require the District to levy all taxable property, in addition to all other taxes, a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the principal and interest on these bonds.

Revenue Bonds

The District also issues bonds where the District pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The original amount of revenue bonds issued in prior years with amounts still outstanding as of December 31, 2022 was \$4,407,000. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Issue Date	Original Borrowing	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Amount
Water treatment plant	2007	\$7,100,000	1.50%	2039	4,407,000
					\$ 4,407,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2023	\$	230,000	\$	66,105	\$ 296,105
2024		233,000		62,655	295,655
2025		236,000		59,160	295,160
2026		240,000		55,620	295,620
2027		244,000		52,020	296,020
2028-2032		1,274,000		204,150	1,478,150
2033-2037		1,372,000		105,735	1,477,735
2038-2041		578,000		13,035	591,035
Total	\$	4,407,000	\$	618,480	\$ 5,025,480

Reserve requirements

The District is required to establish reserve accounts to provide proper service of the 2007 Water Revenue Bonds. The following is a description of these reserve accounts.

The District is required to make monthly contributions to a Reserve Account to be used to pay principal due on the 2007 Bonds at any time when there are not sufficient funds to pay the same. Required monthly contributions to this Reserve Account are \$4,935 until the account balance reaches \$296,105. As of December 31, 2022, required reserve fund balances were fully funded.

The District is also required to set aside funds sufficient to cover debt service principal and interest payments for the succeeding year. As of December 31, 2022, required reserve fund balances were fully funded.

Required reserve fund balances as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	2007 Series					
		Amount	Amount			
	Required on De			n Deposit		
Reserve accounts	\$ 296,105		\$	297,648		
Debt service accounts		295,915		321,799		
Total reserve requirements	\$ 592,020		\$ 592,020 \$ 619		619,447	

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Notes Payable

The District entered into an agreement with the State of Utah Division of Water Resources (State) for the construction of a secondary water system. The State agreed to advance the District \$1,175,000 at an annual interest rate of 1.00% to fund construction on the project.

The District entered into an agreement to provide water rights to Kennecott. The District provided a note to Kennecott representing these water rights in exchange for Land. This note decreases as Kennecott exercises these rights, or as the District makes payments on the note. The amount due on the note as of December 31, 2022 is \$-0-.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Notes Payable are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	F	rincipal	I	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	50,400	\$	3,000	\$ 53,400
2024		50,904		2,496	53,400
2025		51,413		1,987	53,400
2026		51,927		1,473	53,400
2027		52,446		954	53,400
2028		42,947		429	 43,376
Total	\$	300,037	\$	10,339	\$ 310,376

Leases Payable

The District has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of various vehicles. The leases carry interest rate of 1.30% and maturity dates in 2025 with a present value at December 31, 2022 of \$390,348. Due to the implementation of GASB 87, Leases, the District has recorded these as a financed purchase and the assets will be depreciated over their useful lives. There are no residual value guarantees in the lease provisions. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for remaining lease is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal	Iı	nterest	 Total
2023 2024	\$	126,439 170,420	\$	4,704 2,782	\$ 131,143 173,202
2025		86,044		559	86,603
Total	\$	382,903	\$	8,045	\$ 390,948

NOTE 5 UNION EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN

Most full-time District employees are members of the Western Conference Teamsters Pension Plan (the Plan, or WCTPP). The Plan is a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Plan, who have authority to amend the benefits provided by the Plan. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. As of December 31, 2022 there were 24 employees participating in the Plan. Participants in the Plan normally must be vested over a five-year period prior to receiving benefits.

The District makes pension contributions to the Plan, on behalf of covered employees at the rate of \$5.05 \$5.20 and \$5.35 an hour for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022. The contribution rates of the district are determined pursuant to a collective-bargaining agreement, covering the period June 1, 2019 through May 31, 2023. The Plan has no minimum contribution requirements. If the District withdraws from the Plan, they will be liable to the Plan in the amount determined under the Plan's Agreement & Declaration of Trust: Employer Withdrawal Liability Rules and Procedures of the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Trust Fund – A Supplement to the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Plan, section 10 which can be found at http://www.wctpension.org/forms-documents-webcasts/plan-documents.

The WCTPP issues a publicly available financial report which can be obtained at http://www.wctpension.org/forms-documents-webcasts/plan-documents. Additional information regarding the Plan may be obtained by accessing the aforementioned audited financial report.

District contributions to the Plan were \$291,710, \$286,702, \$229,185, and \$204,482, for 2022, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 6 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The Magna Water District Defined Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan's provisions were adopted by a resolution of the Water District's Board of Trustees, which appoints those who serve as trustees of the Plan. Any amendments to the plan are adopted by a resolution of the Water District's Board of Trustees.

NOTE 6 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefits provided. The Plan covers all eligible employees and provides retirement benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Eligible employees are the executive employees who do not qualify to participate in the Union Employees Pension Plan described in the previous note. Retirement benefits are as follows: Years of

service	Age eligibility	Monthly Benefit
required	for benefit	amount per year
5 years	Must be age	\$204.38 per year
	55 or older	of credited
		service

Participation. As of December 31, 2022, there were 5 active participants, 0 inactive participants and -0-retirees and beneficiaries.

Contributions. Through December 31, 2022, contributions to the Plan were recommended by the annual actuarial report and are approved by the Water District's Board of Trustees. As of January 1, 2014 a contribution bases on a fixed dollar amount was approved by the Water District's Board of Trustees. The dollar amount will be reviewed by the Board of Trustees annually as updated actuarial valuation reports become available. The Board of Trustees approved a contribution of \$100,408 for 2020, \$110,259 for 2021, \$132,972 for 2022, and \$87,300 for 2023 through 2037. This contribution rate is consistent with the Water District's adopted Plan funding policy which is focused on keeping the Plan's funding at 100% within 7 years. Post 2037 contributions are assumed equal to the \$87,300 from the January 1, 2023 plan funding valuation. The actual amount contributed by the employer during the 2022 fiscal year was \$132,972.

Reporting. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Net Pension Liability: At December 31, 2022, the District reported a net pension liability of \$569,117. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferre	d inflows	Defen	ed outflows
	ofres	ources	ofı	resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	211,475
Changes in assumptions		-		192,762
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		44,900
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	_	\$	449,137

Average remaining service as of the beginning of the year is: 17

Year ended	Deferred outflows	S
December 31,	(inflows of resource	es)
2022	\$ 63,	,584
2023	63,	,584
2024	63,	,584
2025	63,	,584
Thereafter	194.	.800

NOTE 6 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 0%
Salary increases 0%

Investment rate of return 5%

Mortality 1994 Group annuity mortality table using blended rate

No pre-retirement mortality was used.

Long-term rate of return. The long-term rate of return is selected by the Plan's Pension Committee after a review of expected inflation and long-term real returns, reflecting volatility and correlation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocations as of December 31, 2022, is summarized in the table below:

		Real Return	Long-Term
	Target Asset	Arithmetic	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis	Return
Cash & Fixed Income	90%	2.67%	2.40%
Mutual Funds	10%	6.00%	0.60%
Total	100%	_	3.00%
		Inflation_	2.00%
	5.00%		

The 5% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2% and a real return of 3%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed contributions rates as recommended by the District's Pension Committee and approved by the Board of Trustees. Based on the assumptions, the pension plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments on current active and inactive participants. Therefore, the Long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following sensitivity analysis assumes rate volatility of plus and minus one percent of the discount rate of 5%.

		1%				1%		
	Decrease		Dis	count Rate		Increase		
		4%		5%	6%			
Total pension liability	\$	1,652,054	\$	1,425,835	\$	1,274,687		
Fiduciary net position		933,280		933,280		933,280		
Net pension liability		718,774		492,555		341,407		

NOTE 6 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Schedule of funding progress. The following tables show the pension plan's funding progress as of December 31, 2022 and over the preceding 10 years.

Year ended	Actuari determin contribut	ied	Actual employer contribution	% of actu to actuari contribution	al	Balance net pension obligation/ prepaid	
12/31/2022	\$ 1	16,693 \$	132,972	113	3.95% \$	16,279	
12/31/2021		11,890	110,259	98	8.54%	(1,631)	
12/31/2020		35,460	100,408	74	4.12%	(35,052)	
12/31/2019	10	08,487	118,000	108	3.77%	9,513	
12/31/2018	1	10,308	143,000	129	9.64%	32,692	
12/31/2017		30,018	120,419	92	2.62%	(9,599)	
12/31/2016	9	92,570	188,030	200	3.12%	95,460	
12/31/2015	10	01,980	257,245	252	2.25%	155,265	
12/31/2014	,	79,336	119,526	150	150.66%		
12/31/2013	:	87,908	91,092	103	103.62%		
12/31/2012	9	93,980	18,778	19	9.98%	(75,202)	
						UAAL as	
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Approximate	a % of	
valuation	value of	accrued	Unfunded	Funded	covered	covered	
date	assets	liability	AAL (UAAL)	ration	payroll	payroll	
12/31/2022	\$ 933,280	\$ 1,425,835		65.45%	\$ 627,946		
12/31/2021	1,199,319	1,495,746	296,427	80.18%	633,687	46.78%	
12/31/2020	1,064,594	1,552,470	487,876	68.57%	463,429	105.28%	
12/31/2019	1,178,101	1,427,016	248,915	82.56%	591,171	42.11%	
12/31/2018	1,037,450	1,449,224	411,774	71.59%	537,984	76.54%	
12/31/2017	951,912	1,337,682	385,770	71.16%	544,150	70.89%	
12/31/2016	814,575	1,017,441	202,866	80.06%	404,799	50.12%	
12/31/2015	613,688	955,070	341,382	64.26%	407,340	83.81%	
12/31/2014	416,028	462,164	46,136	90.02%	355,160	12.99%	
12/31/2013	455,985	431,710	(24,275)	105.62%	368,051	-6.60%	

NOTE 7 UNION EMPLOYEES OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

222,149

356,836

12/31/2012

In accordance with the Union contract, the District contributes at the rate of \$111.66 per active employee per month to the Utah-Idaho Teamsters Security Fund, which in turn provides post-retirement healthcare benefits to all eligible retired employees. Contributions to the fund amounted to \$32,604 for 2022.

(134,687)

-38.04%

354,104

160.63%

NOTE 8 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description. The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "OPEB Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses by purchasing health insurance. It also provides life and long-term care insurance for eligible retirees through age 75. Benefit provisions are established by the Board of Trustees and are defined in the District's Administrative Rules and Regulations. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy. The District contributes 100 percent of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For fiscal year 2022, the District contributed \$58,046 to the OPEB Plan. The OPEB Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. It is the current policy of the District to set aside funds in a separate interest-bearing account, which is held by the District, in order to help meet, at least partially, the anticipated obligations of the OPEB Plan. As of December 31, 2022, the District had set aside \$2,566,811 for the purpose of funding current and future OPEB obligations. However, as these funds are not held in trust and are unrestricted assets of the District, as no external restriction has been placed upon them, they are not considered assets of the OPEB Plan.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The components of the Magna Water District's Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability (TOL)

Service cost	\$ 67,660
Interest cost	57,563
Benefit payments	(58,046)
Increase (decrease) due to actual experience being greater than expected	152,802
Increase (decrease) due to changes in benefit terms	-
Increase (decrease) due to changes in assumptions	(996,910)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(776,931)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	2,490,694
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 1,713,763
Annual covered employee payroll	\$ 863,040
Total OPEB Liability as a percet of annual covered employee payroll	198.6%

Schedule of Collective Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows for the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The current balances of collective deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of	resources	of	resources	
Balance as of 12-31-21	\$	756,183	\$	65,993	
Difference between expected and actual experience		99,144		17,416	
Changes in assumptions		(86,097)		862,492	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments					
Balance as of 12-31-22	\$	769,230	\$	945,901	

NOTE 8 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Defen	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
Year ended December 31:	of i	resources	ofr	esources	
2022	\$	161,110	\$	138,357	
2023		161,110		138,357	
2024		161,110		138,356	
2025		161,113		137,497	
2026		52,452		127,693	
2027		50,568		127,284	
2028		21,767		409	
2029+		_		_	

The average of expected remaining service lives was 10.1079 as of December 31, 2022 the measurement date. This was rounded to 10.0 for purposes of determining annual expense and deferral amounts.

A detailed schedule of the components of the deferrals, including date of creation, initial balance, and outstanding balance for each base, is given below:

Outflows /		Base		Am o rtizatio r	end of last	Annual amortization amounts		amounts	Balance amounts	
Inflows Base			Date	perio d	a m o rtizatio n			Current	As of	As of
Type	Description	Amount	Established	(years)	amount	Regular	Last year	Year	12/31/2021	12/31/2022
Outflo ws	Changes in assumptions	\$ 287,980	12/31/2019	10	2028	\$ 28,798	\$ 28,798	\$ 28,798	\$201,586	\$ 172,788
Outflo ws	Expected vs actual experience (2)	359,515	1/1/2020	7	2026	51,359	51,359	51,359	256,797	205,438
Outflo ws	Changes in assumptions	129,425	1/1/2020	7	2026	18,489	18,489	18,489	92,447	73,958
Outflo ws	Changes in assumptions	271,669	12/31/2020	7	2026	38,810	38,809	38,810	194,049	155,239
Outflo ws	Expected vs actual experience (2)	13,188	12/31/2021	7	2027	1,884	1,884	1,884	11,304	9,420
Outflo ws	Expected vs actual experience (2)	174,157	12/31/2022	8	2029	21,770	21,767	21,770	-	152,387
Totals for	Outflo ws							\$ 161,110	\$756,183	\$ 769,230
In flo ws	Expected vs actual experience (1)	\$ 4,100	12/31/2019	10	2028	410	410	410	2,870	2,460
Inflo ws	Expected vs actual experience (1)	6,019	12/31/2020	7	2026	860	859	860	4,299	3,439
Inflo ws	Changes in assumptions	68,628	12/31/2021	7	2027	9,804	9,804	9,804	58,824	49,020
Inflo ws	Expected vs actual experience (1)	21,355	12/31/2022	8	2029	2,669	2,672	2,669	-	18,686
Inflo ws	Changes in assumptions	996,910	12/31/2022	8	2029	124,614	124,612	124,614	-	872,296
Totals for	Inflo ws							\$ 138,357	\$ 65,993	\$ 945,901

Note 1-This type of base results from actual benefits being different from expected benefits

Annual OPEB Expense For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The annual OPEB Expense recognized by the District can be calculated as the changes in the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position that are not attributable to employer contributions. It is the change in Total OPEB Liability minus the changes in deferred outflows plus the changes in deferred inflows plus employer contributions.

Note 2 - This type of base results in the OP ED liability produced by the valuation as of the first day of the year being different from the liability reported as of the end of the prior year

NOTE 8 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The components of the annual OPEB Expense for the District as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

(1) Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2021(2) Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2022	\$ 2,490,694 1,713,763
(3) Change in Total OPEB Liability [(2)-(1)] (4) Change in Deferred Outflows (5) Change in Deferred Inflows (6) Employer Contributions*	\$ (776,931) (13,047) 879,908 58,046
(7) OPEB Expense	\$ 147,976
*Actual pay-as-you-go.	
(8) Annual covered employee payroll (9) Total OPEB expense as a percent of annual covered employee payroll	\$ 863,040 17.1%

Total OPEB Liability

The district's Total OPEB Liability of \$1,713,763 was based on the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022 and a measurement date of December 31, 2022 and a discount rate of 4.31%.

Actuarial Assumptions. The Total OPEB Liability was determine using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.96%
Salary increases	3.00%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	4.31%, net of investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	8.00% for 2018, decreasing to $5.00~%$ for 2021 and after
Retirees' share of cost	Retirees pay the balance of the premium after District percentage that depends on classification, year of hire, and years of service at retirement

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for Males or females, as appropriate, projected using a generational projection based on 100% of scale MP-2016 for years 2014 through 2029, 50% of MP-2016 for years 2030 through 2049. And 20% of MP-2016 for 2050 and thereafter.

All actuarial assumptions used in measuring the Total OPEB Liability are described in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation performed by J. Richard Hogue, F.S.A. The assumptions were based on plan experience through December 31, 2022. The actuarial cost method used for measuring the Total OPEB Liability for purposes of GASB 75 was Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay.

NOTE 8 NON-UNION EMPLOYEES OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2022 calculated using the discount rate of 4.31%, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.31%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.31%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (3.31%)		Current Rate	(4.31%)	1% Increase (5.31%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,024,982	\$	1,713,763	\$	1,467,495

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the District's Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2022, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrea	1% Decrease (4.0%)		Current Rate (5.0%)		1% Increase (6.0%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,489,431	\$	1,713,763	\$	1,997,048	

Other Required Information

As of December 31, 2022 there were nine covered employees, five of which are active, four are inactive currently receiving benefits, there are no inactive employees which are not receiving benefits.

Please see the December 31, 2022 actuarial report prepared by PCA, meant to be used as a companion document for these disclosures, for the following additional information:

- A) Detail of number of covered members, active and inactive. This data is given as of the valuation date and has not changed sufficiently to warrant a revision of the Total OPEB liability.
- B) Summary of plan provisions.
- C) Detail of actuarial assumptions, subject to the following changes:
 - a. Discount rate as of December 31, 2022 is 4.31%
- D) Actuarial Certification.

NOTE 9 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Eligible (non-union) employees of the District may participate in the Magna Water District 401(k) Plan. The 401(k) Plan permits additional matching contributions up to three percent of eligible employee compensation. The District contributed \$18,190 \$18,169, \$15,500, and \$16,532 for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and natural disasters for which the District purchased insurance through commercial policies. There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year, and there have not been any claims settled in excess of coverage for the past three years.

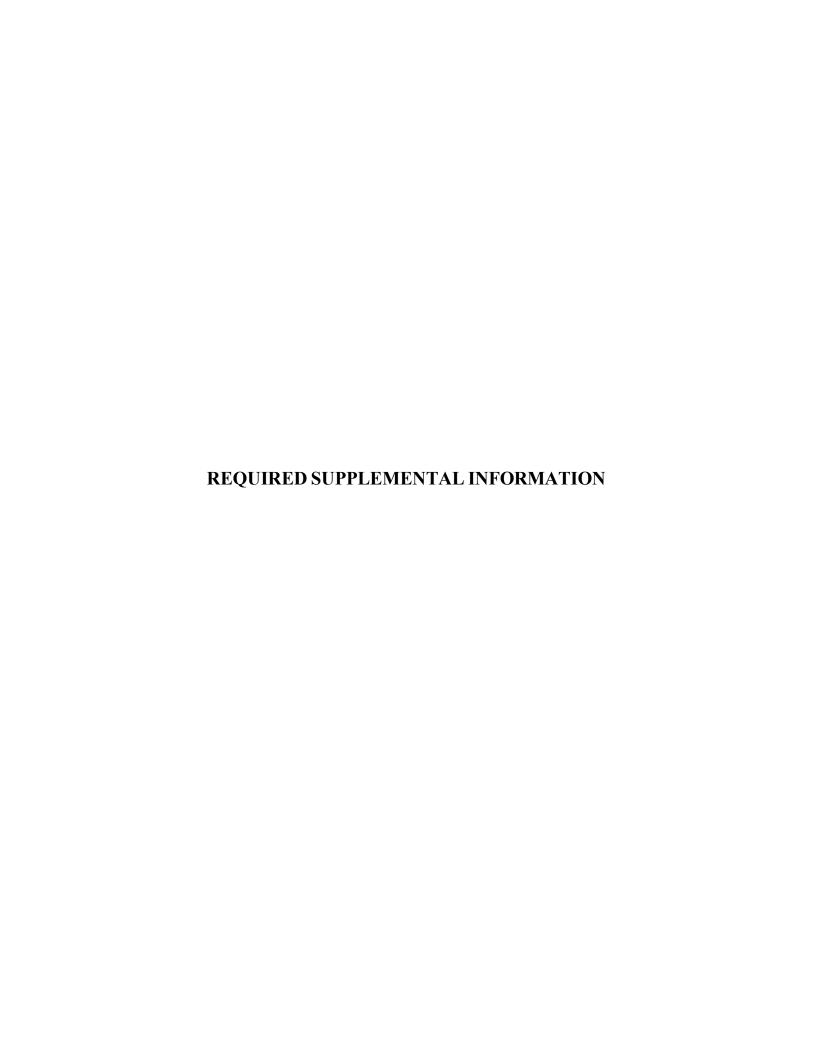
NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS

The District has entered into an agreement with the Jordan Valley Water Conservancy District to purchase a minimum of 800-acre feet of water annually. During the year ended December 31, 2022 the District purchased 788,72-acre feet, at a cost of \$331,639.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had approximately \$1,551,689 remaining to pay on contracts, for which no liability has been recorded because the contractor(s) have not yet performed the contract(s).

NOTE 12 CONTINGENCIES

Contamination of the groundwater aquifer by perchlorate, a potentially hazardous substance leaked into the groundwater by private industry and the federal government, has been studied and closely monitored by the District and the private industry firm currently involved. The private firm has been paying a portion of the District's costs of these efforts. The District and the firm entered into an agreement in December 2005 concerning the removal of perchlorate from water produced by three of the District's wells. Under the agreement, the firm agreed to pay for a substantial portion of the new treatment facility constructed by the District and for a portion of the operation and maintenance of that facility. The District receives funds from the private industrial firm for part of the maintenance costs of the facility each year, which is reflected as other non-operating income on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The agreement that was signed in 2005 has been renewed, having expired in 2015. The new agreement still states that the private industrial firm involved will make operation and maintenance contributions to assist on the ongoing maintenance of the treatment plant. The new agreement, as in the old agreement, has a provision for a partial refund to the firm if future perchlorate standards merit such a refund. There is also a limited waiver of liability for the firm, subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement.



MAGNA WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION Years ended December 31, 2022 and seven preceding years

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - 10 YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2 0 19	2 0 18	2 0 17	2 0 16	2 0 15
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$ 47,552	\$ 41,218	\$ 63,010	\$ 40,551	\$ 45,688	\$ 47,685	\$ 32,718	\$ 34,243
Interest on total pension liability	77,165	79,684	74,501	74,489	69,169	53,257	49,389	24,820
Effect on economic/demographic (gains) or losses	13,301	(382,436)	13,110	(370,833)	(179,274)	(62,648)	(333,724)	65,248
Effect of assumption changes and inputs	192,762	204,809	222,166	233,585	254,441	281,948	3 13 ,9 8 8	368,595
Benefit payments	(400,691)		(247,333)		(78,482)			
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (69,911)	\$ (56,725)	\$ 125,454	\$ (22,208)	\$ 111,542	\$ 320,242	\$ 62,371	\$ 492,906
Total pension liability, beginning	1,495,746	1,552,471	1,427,017	1,449,225	1,337,683	1,0 17,4 4 1	955,070	462,164
Total pension liability, ending (a)	1,425,835	1,495,746	1,552,471	1,427,017	1,449,225	1,3 3 7,6 8 3	1,0 17,4 4 1	955,070
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Emp lo yer contributions	\$ 132,972	\$ 110,259	\$ 100,408	\$ 118,000	\$ 143,000	\$ 120,419	\$ 188,030	\$ 257,245
Investment income net of investment expenses	1,680	24,465	3 3 ,4 19	22,650	21,020	16,919	12,857	9,629
Benefit payments	(400,691)	-	(247,333)	-	(78,482)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses			-	-		_		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (266,039)	\$ 134,724	\$ (113,506)	\$ 140,650	\$ 85,538	\$ 137,338	\$ 200,887	\$ 266,874
Fiduciary net position, beginning	\$ 1,199,319	\$ 1,064,595	\$ 1,178,101	\$ 1,037,451	\$ 951,913	\$ 814,575	\$ 613,688	\$ 346,814
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	933,280	1,199,319	1,064,595	1,178,101	1,037,451	9 5 1,9 13	8 14 ,575	6 13 ,6 8 8
Net pension liability, ending (a) - (b)	492,555	296,427	487,876	248,916	411,774	3 8 5,770	202,866	3 4 1,3 8 2
Fiduciary net position as a %of total pension liability	65.45%	80.18%	68.57%	82.56%	71.59%	71.16%	80.06%	64.26%
Covered payroll	\$ 627,946	\$ 633,687	\$ 463,429	\$ 591,171	\$ 537,984	\$ 544,150	\$ 404,799	\$ 407,340
Net pension liability as a %of covered payroll	78.44%	46.78%	10 5.2 8 %	42.11%	76.54%	70.89%	50.12%	83.81%

This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Subsequent yeas will be added as the information becomes available.

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Continued) Years ended December 31, 2012 through 2022

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - 10 YEARS

Year	Actuarial determined contribution		Contributions in relation to actuarial determined contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		Covered-employee payroll		Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2022	\$	116,693	\$	132,972	\$	16,279	\$	627,946	21.18%	
2021		111,890		110,259		1,631		633,687	17.40%	
2020		135,460		118,000		17,460		463,429	25.46%	
2019		108,487		118,000		(9,513)		591,171	19.96%	
2018		110,308		143,000		(32,692)		537,984	26.58%	
2017		130,018		120,419		9,599		544,150	22.13%	
2016		92,570		188,030		(95,460)		404,799	46.45%	
2015		101,980		257,245		(155,265)		407,340	63.15%	
2014		79,336		119,526		(40,190)		355,160	33.65%	
2013		87,908		91,092		(3,184)		368,051	24.75%	
2012		93,980		18,778		75,202		354,104	5.30%	

NOTES TO THE PENSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Note 1 - Valuation Date

The valuation date is January 1, 2022. This is the date as of which the actuarial valuation was performed. The Measurement Date is December 31, 2022. This is the date as of which the net pension liability is determined. The Reporting Date is December 31, 2022. This is the employer's fiscal year ending date.

Note 2 - Methods and Assumptions used to determine contribution rates

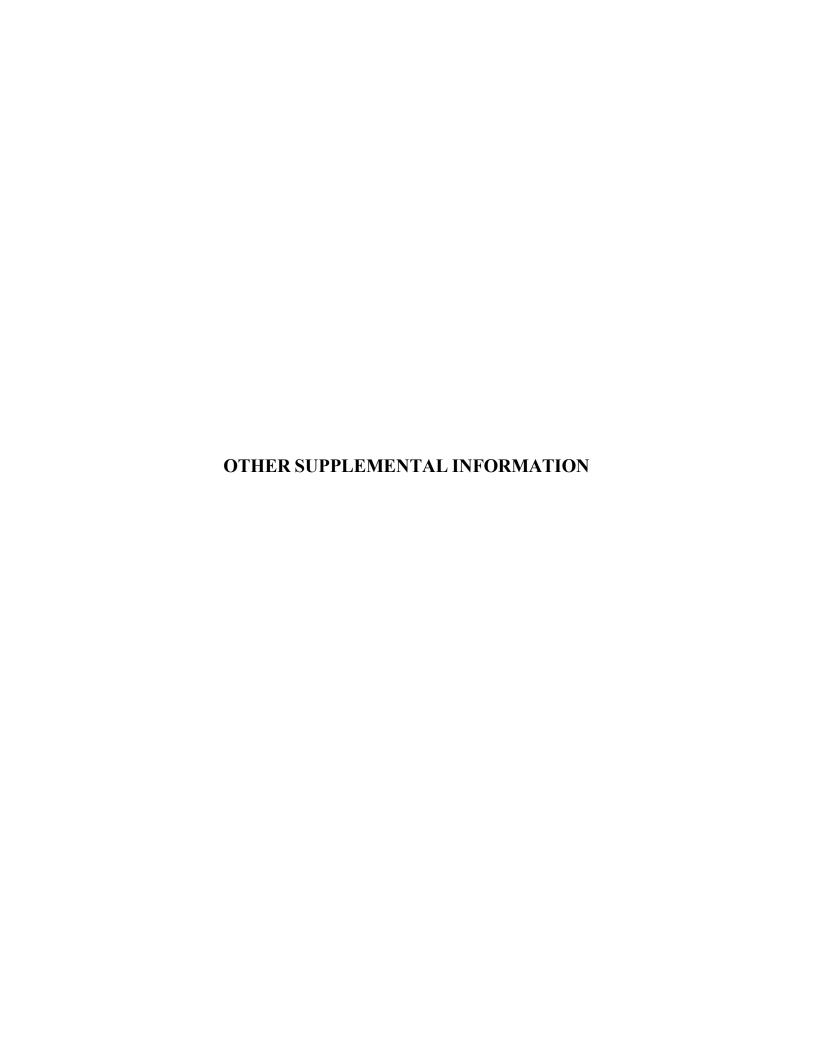
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	Current Asset Values
Discount rate	5.00%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	5.00%
Projected salary increases incorporated into the calculation	0
Projection inflation rate increases	0
Projected rate of post-retirement benefit cost increases	0
Mortality table	1994 GAM Blended

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Continued) Years ended December 31, 2022 and four proceeding years

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years

	2022	2021	2020	2 0 19	2 0 18
Total OP EB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 67,660	\$ 46,390	\$ 40,349	\$ 38,349	\$ 36,839
Interest cost	57,563	53,881	62,379	47,650	45,580
Benefit payments	(58,046)	(73,520)	(49,114)	(29,354)	(33,454)
Increase (decrease) due to actual experience being greater than expected	152,802	13,188	353,496	(4,100)	-
Increase (decrease) due to changes in benefit terms	-	-	230,089	-	-
Increase (decrease) due to changes in assumptions	(996,910)	(68,628)	401,094	287,980	
Net change in Total OP EB Liability	(776,931)	(28,689)	1,038,293	340,525	48,965
Total OP EB Liability - beginning	2,490,694	2,519,383	1,481,090	1,140,565	1,091,600
Total OP EB Liability - ending	\$ 1,713,763	\$ 2,490,694	\$ 2,519,383	\$ 1,481,090	\$ 1,140,565
Annual co vered emplo yee payroll	\$ 863,040	\$ 541,580	\$ 525,806	\$ 591,171	\$ 554,977
Total OP EB Liability as a percent of annual covered employee payroll	198.6%	459.9%	479.1%	250.5%	205.5%

 $This \ schedule \ is \ intended \ to \ present \ 10 \ years \ of \ information. \ Subsequent \ years \ will \ be \ added \ as \ the \ information \ becomes \ available.$



MAGNA WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services:	
Water sales - culinary	\$ 4,384,059
Water sales - secondary	270,584
Sewer service charges	4,247,542
Connection fees and other income	2,642,511
Total Operating Revenues	11,544,696
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and benefits:	
Salaries and wages - plant	1,348,658
Salaries and wages - office	824,969
Trustees' salaries	15,000
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	1,242,003
Total salaries and benefits	3,430,630
Contractual services:	
Legal	53,782
Accounting	12,500
Engineering	393,146
Data processing services	58,016
Janitorial	6,335
Lab and testing	94,988
Payroll	1,504
Total contractual services	620,271
Material and supplies:	
Repairs, maintenance, and supplies	1,547,416
Office supplies and postage	108,525
Water purchased	333,355
Total materials and supplies	1,989,296
Utilities:	
Electricity and fuel for water production and sewer processing	819,484
Office and general, electricity and fuel	5,963
Telephone and paging	60,105
Total utilities	885,552
Depreciation and amortization	4,758,772

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Lease expense	20,219
Other operating expenses:	
Transportation	173,017
Bad debts	16,807
Insurance	141,704
Training	112,459
Miscellaneous	167,556
Total other operating expenses	611,543
Operating Income (Loss)	(771,587)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):	
Property tax revenue	5,274,655
Non-resident fee in lieu of property tax	123,061
Impact fees	3,858,490
Other non-operating income	165,850
Interest income	517,043
Interest expense	(702,040)
Payments to RDA's	(1,275,202)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	7,961,857
Income Before Capital Contributions	7,190,270
Capital Contributions	7,688,994
Change in Net Position	\$ 14,879,264

MAGNA WATER DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – COMPARED TO BUDGET For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Operating Revenues:					
Water sales	\$ 4,910,000	\$ 4,910,000	\$ 4,654,643	\$ (255,357)	
Sewer service charges	4,050,000	4,050,000	4,244,763	194,763	
Connection fees and other income	1,685,550	1,685,550	2,645,290	959,740	
Total Operating Revenues	10,645,550	10,645,550	11,544,696	899,146	
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	3,874,000	3,874,000	3,430,630	443,370	
Contractual services	782,500	782,500	620,271	162,229	
Materials and supplies	2,301,200	2,301,200	1,989,296	311,904	
Utilities	992,900	992,900	885,552	107,348	
Depreciation and amortization	4,360,000	4,360,000	4,758,772	(398,772)	
Lease expense	33,000	33,000	20,219	12,781	
Other operating expenses	498,951	498,951	611,543	(112,592)	
Total Operating Expenses	12,842,551	12,842,551	12,316,283	526,268	
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,197,001)	(2,197,001)	(771,587)	372,878	
Nonoperating Revenues:					
Property tax revenue	4,573,652	4,573,652	5,274,655	701,003	
Non-resident fee in lieu of property tax	50,000	50,000	123,061	73,061	
Impact fees	2,600,000	2,600,000	3,858,490	1,258,490	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)	
Other non-operating income	54,000	54,000	165,850	111,850	
Interest income	100,000	100,000	517,043	417,043	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	7,387,652	7,387,652	9,939,099	2,551,447	
Nonoperating Expenses:					
Interest expense	705,515	705,515	702,040	3,475	
Payments to RDA's	755,000	755,000	1,275,202	(520,202)	
Debt issuance costs					
Total Nonoperating Expenses	1,460,515	1,460,515	1,977,242	(516,727)	
Income Before Capital Contributions	3,730,136	3,730,136	7,190,270	3,441,052	
Capital Contributions	4,630,686	4,630,686	7,688,994	3,058,308	
Change in Net Position	\$ 8,360,822	\$ 8,360,822	\$ 14,879,264	\$ 6,499,360	



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Magna Water District Magna, Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the Standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statement of Magna Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

Gilbert & Stewart, CPA, PC Provo, Utah June 15, 2023



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SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE *STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE*

Board of Directors Magna Water District Magna, Utah

Report On Compliance

We have audited Magna Water District's (the District) compliance with the applicable state compliance requirements described in the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the Utah State Auditor that could have a direct and material effect on the district for the year ended December 31, 2022.

State compliance requirements were tested for the year ended December 31, 2022, in the following areas:

Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Fraud Risk Assessment
Government Fee's
Cash Management
Special and Local Service District Board Members

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Magna Water District's compliance based on our audit of the state compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Compliance Audit Guide. Those standards and the State Compliance Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state compliance requirement occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about on Magna Water District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each state compliance requirement referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Magna Water District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, Magna Water District complied, in all material respects, with the state compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2022.

REPORT OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of Magna Water District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered on Magna Water District's internal control over compliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with those state compliance requirements and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Magna Water District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or to detect and correct noncompliance with a state compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a state compliance requirement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a state compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

Gilbert & Stewart, CPA, PC Provo, Utah June 15, 2023